who occasionally has a good idea—once every decade—asked the group: How many of you are here not for the first time? Almost everybody in that room raised their hand.

He said: How many of you have been more than twice? Two-thirds of the men in that room raised their hand.

He said: How many of you have been here multiple times? A good number of them raised their hand.

The point is that they are out there serving time after time after time, away from their homes, away from their families, working more than maybe 2 weeks in August. And what are we doing? What are we doing for them?

There are a lot of things they need, and there are a lot of things we need to give them. Yet, somehow, we can't see our way clear—Republicans and Democrats—to sit down and do the right thing for these men and women—to do the right thing so they can win.

We now have a new President, a new National Security Advisor, and a new Secretary of Defense. I don't agree with this President very often, but I do know that this President is committed to rebuilding the military and a winning strategy. The strategy for the last 8 years has been "don't lose." I know that General Mattis and General McMaster are people who want to win, and they have a strategy to win, and we have to be of assistance to them to provide the men and women with what they need to win.

So I ask my colleagues, with passion, that we sit down and figure out the budget deal, move forward with it, and not spend a week like we just spent this week with 30 hours in order to confirm one district judge.

I vield the floor.

I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. PERDUE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

## LEGISLATIVE SESSION

## MORNING BUSINESS

Mr. PERDUE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate be in a period of morning business, with Senators permitted to speak therein for up to 10 minutes each.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

## BUDGET SCOREKEEPING REPORT

Mr. ENZI. Mr. President, I wish to submit to the Senate the budget scorekeeping report for July 2017. The report compares current-law levels of spending and revenues with the amounts the Senate approved in the budget resolution for fiscal year 2017, S. Con. Res. 3. This information is necessary for the Senate Budget Committee to determine whether budget points of order lie against pending legislation. The Republican staff of the Senate Budget Committee and the Congressional Budget Office, CBO, prepared this report pursuant to section 308(b) of the Congressional Budget Act (CBA).

My last filing can be found in the RECORD on June 7, 2017. The information contained in this report captures legislative activity from that filing through July 10, 2017.

Republican Budget Committee staff prepared tables 1 through 3 of this report. They remain unchanged since my last filing.

In addition to the tables provided by Budget Committee Republican staff, I am submitting CBO tables, which I will use to enforce budget totals approved by the Congress.

CBO provided a spending and revenue report for fiscal year 2017, which helps enforce aggregate spending levels in budget resolutions under CBA section 311. CBO's estimates show that currentlaw levels of spending fiscal year 2017 are below the amounts assumed in the budget resolution by \$303 million in budget authority and \$6.4 billion in outlays. CBO also estimates that revenues are \$1 million above assumed levels for fiscal year 2017, but \$21 million below assumed levels over the fiscal year 2017-2026 period. Social Security levels are consistent with the budget resolution's fiscal year 2017 figures.

CBO's report also provides information needed to enforce the Senate payas-you-go, PAYGO, rule. The Senate's PAYGO scorecard currently shows increased deficits of \$226 million over the fiscal year 2016–2021 and \$227 million over fiscal year 2016–2026 periods. For both of these periods, outlays have increased by \$201 million, while revenues decreased by \$25 million over the 6-year period and \$26 million over the 11-year period. The Senate's PAYGO rule is enforced by section 201 of S. Con. Res. 21, the fiscal year 2008 budget resolution.

Finally, included in this submission is a table tracking the Senate's budget enforcement activity on the floor. No budget points of order have been raised since my last filing.

All years in the accompanying tables are fiscal years.

I ask unanimous consent that the tables be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

TABLE 1.—SENATE AUTHORIZING COMMITTEES—ENACTED DIRECT SPENDING ABOVE (+) OR BELOW (-) BUDGET RESOLUTIONS

[In millions of dollars]

	2017	2017- 2021	2017- 2026
Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry Budget Authority Outlays Armed Services	0	0	0
Budget Authority	0	0	0

TABLE 1.—SENATE AUTHORIZING COMMITTEES—ENACTED DIRECT SPENDING ABOVE (+) OR BELOW (-) BUDGET RESOLUTIONS—Continued

[In millions of dollars]

	2017	2017- 2021	2017- 2026
Outlays	0	0	0
Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs Budget Authority Outlays	0	0	0
Commerce, Science, and Transportation	U	U	U
Budget Authority Outlays	1	1	1
Energy and Natural Resources	•		
Budget Authority Outlays	0	0	0
Environment and Public Works	U	U	U
Budget Authority Outlays	0	0	0
Finance			
Budget Authority	- 239 38	468 763	- 204 91
Outlays Foreign Relations	30	/03	91
Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	0	0	0
Homeland Security and Governmental Af-			
fairs Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	0	0	0
Judiciary	•	٠	
Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	0	0	0
Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlavs	ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ
Rules and Administration			
Budget Authority	0	0	0
OutlaysIntelligence	0	0	0
Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	Ŏ	Ö	Ö
Veterans' Áffairs			
Budget Authority	0	0 200	200
OutlaysIndian Affairs	U	200	200
Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ
Small Business			
Budget Authority Outlays	0	0	0
-			- 0
Total			
Budget Authority	- 238 39	469 964	- 203 292
Outlays	39	964	292

TABLE 2.—SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE— ENACTED REGULAR DISCRETIONARY APPROPRIATIONS <sup>1</sup>

[BUDGET AUTHORITY, IN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS]

	2017		
	Security <sup>2</sup>	Nonsecurity <sup>2</sup>	
Statutory Discretionary Limits Amount Provided by Senate Appl	551,068 ropriations Subcom	518,531 mittee	
Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Commerce, Justice, Science, and Re-	0	20,877	
lated Agencies Defense	5,200 515,977	51,355 138	
Energy and Water Development Financial Services and General Govern-	19,956	17,815	
ment	33 1,876	21,482 40,532	
AgenciesLabor, Health and Human Services,	0	32,280	
Education and Related Agencies Legislative Branch	0	161,025 4,440	
Military Construction and Veterans Af- fairs, and Related Agencies State Foreign Operations, and Related	7,726	74,650	
ProgramsTransportation and Housing and Urban	0	36,586	
Development, and Related Agencies	300	57,351	
Current Level Total Total Enacted Above (+) or Below	551,068	518,531	
(—) Statutory Limits	0	(	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This table excludes spending pursuant to adjustments to the discretionary spending limits. These adjustments are allowed for certain purposes in section 251(b)(2) of BBEDCA.

TABLE 3.—SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE—EN-ACTED CHANGES IN MANDATORY SPENDING PROGRAMS (CHIMPS)

[Budget authority, millions of dollars]

	2017
CHIMPS Limit for Fiscal Year	19,100
Senate Appropriations Subcommittees	
Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies	741

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Security spending is defined as spending in the National Defense budget function (050) and nonsecurity spending is defined as all other spending.